

# Why is Responsible Use so important from a One Health perspective?

Professor Dame Sally C Davies, FRS Chief Medical Officer for England





It is not difficult to make microbes resistant to penicillin in the laboratory, and the same has occasionally happened in the body.

> Alexander Fleming, 1945 Nobel Prize Acceptance Speech



Diagram based on Linton (1977), as adapted by Rebecca Irwin, Health Canada (Prescott 2000) and IFT

## Years of Discovery of New Classes of Antibiotics



## **Global Antibiotic Consumption in Livestock**





### **Crossing the Human/Animal Border**

#### JOINT INTERAGENCY ANTIMICROBIAL CONSUMPTION AND RESISTANCE ANALYSIS



- Positive associations for consumption of **fluoroquinolones** in foodproducing animals and occurrence of resistance in *E. coli* from humans
- Positive associations for consumption of macrolides in foodproducing animals and occurrence of resistance in Campylobacter spp. from humans.
- Positive associations for consumption of **tetracyclines** in foodproducing animals and occurrence of resistance in *Salmonella* spp. and *Campylobacter* spp. in humans.

Challenges

- Sanitation and hygiene
- Clinician knowledge + Patient/public demand
- Scientific drugs, vaccines, diagnostics, surveillance
- Economic pipeline, business models in animal husbandry and agriculture
- Geographical access vs excess, global spread







## **International Action**



- Successes so far:
  - WHO, FAO and OIE resolutions, 2015
  - Global Health Security Agenda AMR action package
  - Increasing International support at the highest levels
  - UK Fleming Fund
  - Independent AMR Review
  - Diagnostic Prizes
- Looking ahead:
  - Implementing the GAP
  - WEF
  - G20
  - G7
  - UNGA



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations



